SUZLON WIND ENERGY LANKA (PRIVATE) LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 MARCH 2017



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MPDC/VJD/AD

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SUZLON WIND ENERGY LANKA (PVT) LTD

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Suzlon Wind Energy Lanka (Pvt) Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Board's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors ("Board") is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Board, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

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## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 163(2) of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007, we state the following:

- a) The basis of opinion, Scope and Limitations of the audit are as stated above.
- b) In our opinion:
  - We have obtained all the information and explanations that were required for the audit and, as far as appears from our examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company.
  - The financial statements of the Company, comply with the requirements of Section 151 of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007.

01 June 2017 Colombo

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2017

ASSETS	N	lote	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
Non Current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment		3 _	24,638	<b>#</b> 3
		_	24,638	<u>=</u>
Current Assets				
Inventory		4	35,345,060	25,879,892
Trade and Other Receivables		5	119,563,567	56,821,513
Other Financial Assets		6	30,000,000	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents		9	29,876,089	48,653,706
		-	214,784,716	131,355,111
Total Assets		-	214,809,354	131,355,111
		=	0	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	2	5.		
Stated Capital		7	300,000	300,000
Retained Earnings			111,165,448	99,138,328
Total Equity		-	111,465,448	99,438,328
Tom Equity		-		
Current Liabilities				
Trade and Other Payables		8	97,613,651	21,361,731
Income Tax Payable			5,730,254	10,555,052
moome rax rayane			103,343,906	31,916,783
Total Equity and Liabilities		-	214,809,354	131,355,111
Total Equity and Diabilities		=	271,007,001	

These Financial Statements are in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No. 7 of 2007.

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Finance Manager

The board of directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these financial statements. Signed for and on behalf of the board by:

The accounting policies and notes on pages 7 through 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

01 June 2017 Colombo



## STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

Year ended 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
Revenue	10	85,885,811	72,606,179
Cost of Goods and Direct Services	_	(21,171,544)	(14,556,132)
Gross Profit		64,714,267	58,050,047
Other Income	11	6,025,360	1,894,660
Administration Expenses		(50,302,800)	(22,595,133)
Profit Before Tax	a <del></del>	20,436,827	37,349,575
Income Tax Expense	12.1	(5,730,254)	(10,555,052)
Profit for the year	V)	14,706,572	26,794,523

The accounting policies and notes on pages 7 through 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.



## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 March 2017

	Stated Capital Rs.	Retained Earnings/ (Loss) Rs.	Total Rs.
Balance As at 1 April 2015	300,000	76,485,191	76,785,191
Profit for the year		26,794,523	26,794,523
Dividend Paid during the period		(4,141,386)	(4,141,386)
Balance As at 31 March 2016	300,000	99,138,328	99,438,328
Profit for the year		14,706,572	14,706,572
Dividend paid		(2,679,452)	(2,679,452)
Balance As at 31 March 2017	300,000	111,165,448	111,465,448

The accounting policies and notes on pages 7 through 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.



## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 March 2017

Cash Flows From/(Used in) Operating Activities	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
Profit before Income Tax Expense	20,436,827	37,349,575
Adjustments for		
Depreciation	2,363	:-
Exchange (Gain)/Exchange Loss	(4,126,479)	-
Operating Loss before Working capital changes	16,312,710	37,349,575
(Increase)/ Decrease in Inventories	(9,465,168)	2,760,312
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables	(62,742,055)	(25,812,909)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables	76,251,920	(5,882,002)
Cash Generated from Operation	20,357,407	8,414,976
Income Tax Paid	(10,555,052)	(5,648,489)
Net Cash From/(Used in) Operating Activities	9,802,356	2,766,487
Cash Flows From/(Used in) Investing Activities		
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(27,000)	
Investing in Fixed Deposit	(30,000,000)	
Disposal value of Property Plant and Equipment		
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(30,027,000)	•
Cash Flows from (Used in) Financing Activities		
Divined Paid	(2,679,452)	(4,141,386)
Net Cash Flows from/(Used in) Financing Activities	(2,679,452)	(4,141,386)
The Cash Flows from/Cosea in/ Financing /Tentifics	(2,077,102)	(1,111,300)
Exchange (Gain)/Exchange Loss	4,126,479	-:
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(22,904,096)	(1,374,899)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the period	48,653,706	50,028,605
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the period	29,876,089	48,653,706

The accounting policies and notes on pages 7 through 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### 1.1 General

Suzlon Wind Energy Lanka (Private) Limited ('Company') is a limited liability Company incorporated and domiciled in Sri Lanka. The registered office and principal place of office is located at Level 26, East Tower, World Trade Center, Echelon Square, Colombo 01, Sri Lanka.

### 1.2 Principal Activities and Nature of Operations

The principal activity of the company is providing maintenance services & repair services for Wind Turbines.

### 1.3 Parent Entity and Ultimate Parent Entity

The Company's parent entity is Suzlon Wind Energy Limited. In the opinion of the directors, the Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Suzlon Wind Energy Limited which is incorporated in India

#### 1.4 Date of Authorization for Issue

The financial statements of Suzlon wind Energy Lanka (Private) Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2017, were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 01 June 2017



Year ended 31 March 2017

### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Sri Lanka Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-Sized Entities issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka. These financial statements are the separate financial statements of the company.

The functional currency of the company is Sri Lanka Rupee. The financial statements of the company are presented in Sri Lanka Rupees.

#### 2.1.1 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of Suzlon Wind Energy Lanka (Private) Limited have been prepared in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards for small and Medium Enterprises.

#### 2.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.2.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

#### a) Cost

All items of Property, Plant and Equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent to the initial recognition as an asset at cost, less any subsequent depreciation thereon. All other Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and less accumulated impairment in value.

If the value of the asset is less than LKR 5,000 the asset is to be depreciated at 100%.

#### b) Restoration Costs

Subsequent cost are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost can be reliably measured.

Cost of repairs and maintenance are charged to the Income Statement during the period in which they are incurred.

## c) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual values at written down value. The annual rate used for depreciation is as follows.

Plant & Machinery 15%

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of an asset, the depreciation of that asset may be revised prospectively to reflect the change.

#### d) Derecognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Income Statement in the year the asset is derecognised.



Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 2.2.2 Foreign Current Translation

The financial statements are presented in Sri Lanka Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities demonstrated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. All differences are taken to profit or loss.

#### 2.2.3 Taxation

#### **Current Taxes**

The current tax payable balance is based on taxable profit for the year. The provision for income tax is base on the elements of income and expenses as reported in the financial statements and computed in accordance with the provision of the relevant tax legislations.

#### 2.2.4 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted as follows:

#### Raw Materials:

Purchase cost on a first in, first out basis

#### 2.2.5 Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables are stated at the amounts they are estimated to realize Gross allowance & does not make a provision for bad and doubtful receivables.

Other receivables and dues from Related Party are recognized at cost.

#### 2.2.6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash in hand, and deposits and short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible to know amounts of cash and subject to significant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the casf flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and deposits in banks net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Investment with short maturities i.e. three months or less from the date of acquisition are also treated as cash equivalents.

### 2.2.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (Legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, where it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.



Year ended 31 March 2017

#### Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimation of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher if an asset's or cash generating unit's fair value less costs to sell and its vale in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

#### 2.2.8 Revenue Recognition

The revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue and associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of trade discounts and sales taxes.



Year ended 31 March 2017

## 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

3.1	Gross Carrying Amounts At Cost	Balance as at 01.04.2016 Rs.	Additions/ Transfers Rs.	Disposals/ Transfers Rs.	Balance as at 31.03.2017 Rs.
	Plant and Machinery	-	27,000	-	27,000
	<b>Total Value of Depreciable Assets</b>	121	27,000		27,000
3.2	Depreciation At Cost	Balance as at 01.04.2016 Rs.	Charge for the year Rs.	Disposals/ Transfers Rs.	Balance as at 31.03.2017 Rs.
	Plant and Machinery	-	2,363		2,363
	Total Depreciation		2,363		2,363
3.3	Net Book Values			2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
	At Cost			24,638	
	Total Carrying Amount of Property, Plant and Equipment			24,638	-

3.4 During the financial year, the Company acquired Property, Plant and Equipment to the aggregate value of Rs. 27,000/-



Year ended 31 March 2017

4.	INVENTORY			2017		2016
				Rs.		Rs.
	D. M. C. I					
	Raw Material			35,345,060		25,879,892
				35,345,060		25,879,892
5.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			2017		2016
				Rs.		Rs.
	T-1 D I					
	Trade Debtors Other Receivable			68,006,313		55,367,439
	Amount Due from Related Party(5.1)			81,550 51,475,703		1,454,074
	Amount Due from Related Faity(3.1)			119,563,567		56,821,513
5.1	Related Party	Relationship		2017		2016
				Rs.		Rs.
	Suzlon Energy Limited	Parent		51,475,703		-
				51,475,703		
6.	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS			2017		2016
				Rs.		Rs.
	Investments in Fixed Deposits			30,000,000		
				30,000,000		-
7.	STATED CAPITAL	2017			2016	
		Number	Rs.	Number	2010	Rs.
	As at 31 March 2016	300,000	300,000	300,000		300,000
	As at 31 March 2017	300,000	300,000	300,000		300,000
8.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			2017		2016
				Rs.		Rs.
	T 1 N 11					
	Trade Payables - Serviced income for Future period			10.005.025		1.5.050.100
	Sundry Creditors and Accrued Expenses			48,987,027		15,978,120
	Amount Due to Related Party (8.1)			16,003,420 32,623,205		2,050,296 3,333,315
	rimount Bue to Related Fairly (0.1)			97,613,651		21,361,731
				77,013,031		21,301,731
8.1	Related Party	Relationship		2017		2016
		Explore the more consultation of the sound of the sound		Rs.		Rs.
	Suzlon Global Services Limited.	Affiliate		32,623,205		3,333,315
				32,623,205		3,333,315
6	GLOW AND GLOVE					
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS IN THE CAS	SH FLOW STATEM	ENT	2017		2016
	Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents			Rs.		Rs.
9.1	Favourable Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances					
	Cash and Bank Balances			29,876,089		48,653,706
				29,876,089		48,653,706
RA	IST & YOUNG		;			
10	DEVENUE					
	REVENUE			2017		2016
1	***  **  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *			Rs.		Rs.
1	Revenue			85,885,811		72,606,179
	The second street of the second secon			85,885,811		72,606,179
		1.5				

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 March 2017

11.	OTHER INCOME	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
	Incentive Income	1,757,468	1,894,660
	Foreign Exchange Fluctuation	4,126,479	
	Misc Balance Written Back	141,412	
		6,025,360	1,894,660
12.	PROFIT BEFORE TAX STATED AFTER CHARGING		
		2017	2016
		Rs.	Rs.
	Included in Administrative Expenses		
	EPF	3,010,820	1377182.006
	ETF	451,628	344,306
	Depreciation	2,363	8*
	Salary	13,814,828	11,451,043
	Auditor's Fees and Expenses	323,000	323,000
12.1	Income Tax		
	The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31 March are as follows:		
		2017	2016
		Rs.	Rs.
	Current Income Tax		
	Current Income Tax charge (12.2)	5,730,254	10,555,052
	Income tax expense reported in the Income Statement	5,730,254	10,555,052

### 12.2 A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the statutory tax rate is as follows:

	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
Accounting Profit (Profit before Tax)	20,436,827	37,349,575
Aggregate Disallowed Items	37,368	347,038
Aggregate Allowable Expenses	(9,000)	-
Taxable Profit	20,465,195	37,696,613
Income Tax - 28%	5,730,254	10,555,052
Estimated current income tax for the year/period	5,730,254	10,555,052

#### 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are no capital expenditure commitment and contingencies as at the reporting date.

### 14. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There are no events occurring after the reporting date.



Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

## 15.1 Transactions with the parent and related entities

Details of significant related party disclosures are as follows.

Nature of Transaction	Parent Suzlon Energy Limited.		imited. Affiliate*		Total	
	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
Opening Balance	•	_	3,333,315	6,106,023	3,333,315	6,106,023
Material Purchased during the year	-	-	25,011,075	8,904,977	25,011,075	8,904,977
Consultancy Fee	- 3	-	27,846,408	-	27,846,408	-
Payment During the year	<b>7</b> .1	-	(23,567,593)	(11,677,685)	(23,567,593)	(11,677,685)
Invoices raised	51,475,703	-	-		51,475,703	-
Closing Balance	51,475,703	-	32,623,205	3,333,315	84,098,908	3,333,315

<sup>\*</sup>This includes the transactions with Suzlon Global Services Limited.

Amounts due from / to Related Parties are disclosed under Note 5 and 8, whilst the following amounts have been disclosed under Trade and Other Receivables and Payables respectively in the balance sheet.

## 15.2 Transactions with Key Management Personnel of the Company and of its parent

The key management personnel of the Company are the members of its Board of Directors and that of its parent.

	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
Opening Balance	300,000	300,000
Closing Balance	300,000	300,000

### 15.3 Key Management personal compensation

There is no key management personal compensation as at the reporting date.

## 16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICES

The company is mainly exposed to credit risk.

#### Credit risk

The company trades only with recognized and credit worthy third parties and all customers are subject to a credit verification process. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Company's exposure to bad debts is minimal



SUZLON WIND ENERGY LANKA (PRIVATE) LIMITED DETAILED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

# DETAILED EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Year ended 31 March 2017

## STATEMENT I

COST OF SALE	Note	2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
Cost of Goods and Direct Services	1	15,545,907	11,683,162
Factory Overhead	2	5,625,637	2,872,970
		21,171,544	14,556,132
Note 1 Cost of Goods and Direct Services		2017 Rs.	2016 Rs.
Opening Stock		25,879,892	28,658,077.12
Add: Material Purchase/Transfer		25,011,075	8,904,977
Closing Stock		(35,345,060)	(25,879,892)
Material Consumption		15,545,907	11,683,162
Note 2 Factory Overhead			
,		2017	2016
		Rs.	Rs.
Rent		115,530	100,895
Electricity and Water		297,162	573,860
Lodging & Boarding Expenses		21,938	59,038
Travelling Expenses		852,698	26,714
Clearing Expenses		608,582	426,174
Custom Duty		3,543,113	1,288,167
Repair & Maintenance		186,615	398,121
constitution and anticonstitution and anticonstitut		5,625,637	2,872,970
		=	2,072,770



## DETAILED EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Year ended 31 March 2017

ST	AT	FA	IEN	T	H
31/	4	II. IV			

STATEMENT II		
	2017	2016
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	Rs.	Rs.
Audit Fees	323,000	323,000
Secretarial Fees	66,515	74,433
Staff Welfare	2,095,128	2,391,231
Professional Charges	-	
Printing & Stationary	49,751	55,351
Postage & Courier	2,688	39,642
Bank Charges	431,722	287,948
Depreciation	2,363	
Office maintenance	-	-
Consultancy Services	27,846,408	765,866
Cook salary	272,916	272,000
DA settlement	-	=
Fire Insurance	26,074	28,609
Helper Salary	188,338	222,850
Machinery Maintenance	-	76,915
O & MWTG	-	-
Penalty Surcharges	-	321,798
Safety expenses	12,112	11,582
Salary expenses	13,814,828	11,451,043
Telephone Expenses	230,637	220,414
Other Expenses	6,270	-
EPF	3,010,820	1,377,182
ETF	451,628	344,306
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation	2223 #23	3,042,827
Insurance	668,953	310,124
Lodg& BoardngExpDome	76,002	72,539
ROC Fees	65,750	60,000
Vehicle Hire charges	-	11,500
VISA Charges	533,497	653,637
Medical & Dispensary	5,043	68,992
Paye	35,005	25,240
Conveyance Expenses	87,354	86,104
#	50,302,800	22,595,133
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